

WWB 0330-0900

Technical manual





WATER-WATER HEAT PUMPS ONLY

Heating capacity 273,255 \div 867,605 BTU/h



COMPANY CERTIFICATIONS





SAFETY CERTIFICATIONS





 $This \ mark \ indicates \ that \ the \ disposal \ of \ this \ product \ must \ strictly \ follow \ the \ national \ and \ local \ laws \ in \ force.$

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1 FIELDS OF THE RANGE



The Selection and the sizing of the unit for each application must be approved by a person skilled in the field of the existing legislation

WWB is a range of irreversible water-water heat pumps that produce high temperature water with a low or medium temperature source.

Internal unit suitable for use in centralised residential systems, in systems that serve hotels and other forms of accommodation, and for applications in the tertiary and industrial sectors.

MAXIMUM ENERGY EFFICIENCY

Aermec, which has focused for years on energy efficiency, designed the WWB units with the aim of guaranteeing high efficiency both with full and partial loads.

OPERATING FIELD

With its wide operating range, it can be integrated with numerous applications and is a valid alternative to boilers and all conventional systems used to produce high temperature hot water since it also uses existing systems.

Production of hot water up to 176.0 °F (Max inlet temperature on source side 113.0 °F)

CONSTRUCTIONAL CHARACTERISTICS OF UNIT

- Optimised plate heat exchangers with low pressure drops.
- 2 cooling circuits, 1 compressor per circuit.
- Scroll compressors for high condensing temperatures.

— Compact size for easier installation.

The base, the structure and the panels are made of galvanized steel treated with polyester paint RAL 9003.

ELECTRONIC EXPANSION VALVE

The possibility to use electronic expansion valve, offers significant benefits, especially when the chiller is working with partial loads, increasing the energy efficiency of the unit.

RENEWABLE ENERGY

Ideal for new construction and energy upgrading interventions, ensuring independence from fossil fuel generators, even in the presence of high-temperature terminals (e.g. radiators).

ADVANCED ELECTRONIC ADJUSTMENT

In case of installation in series with an Aermec air-water heat pump, the advanced electronic adjustment allows the interfacing of the 2 machines, managing their functioning under standard operating conditions, during defrosts, etc.

COMPACTNESS AND INSTALLATION FLEXIBILITY

The small dimensions and possibility of choosing the opening side of the electrical panel (to be specified when ordering) facilitate installation even in contained technical rooms.

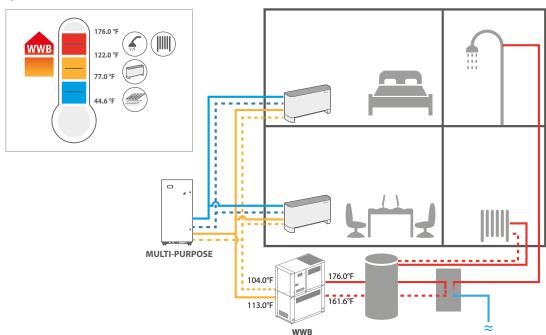
2 CONFIGURATOR

| Field | Description | | | | | | | |
|---------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1,2,3 | WWB | | | | | | | |
| 4,5,6,7 | Size 0330, 0350, 0550, 0600, 0700, 0800, 0900 | | | | | | | |
| 8 | Operating field (1) | | | | | | | |
| X | Standard | | | | | | | |
| 9 | Model | | | | | | | |
| Н | Heat pump | | | | | | | |
| 10 | Version | | | | | | | |

| Field | | Description |
|-------|---|--------------------------|
| | L | Silenced |
| 11 | | Power supply |
| | 7 | 460V ~ 3 60Hz |
| | 8 | 575V ~ 3 60Hz |
| 12 | | Electrical panel version |
| | 0 | Standard opening (LH) |
| | R | Reverse opening (RH) |

⁽¹⁾ Evaporator water up to +41 °F. Electronic thermostatic valve as standard.

Example of four-pipe system



3 UNIT COMPONENTS DESCRIPTION

REFRIGERANT CIRCUIT

Compressors

High-efficiency scroll hermetic compressors with 2-pole electric motors. All the compressors are equipped with inner electronic thermal protection device.

System side heat exchanger

Brazed plate heat exchanger in stainless steel. It is externally insulated with closed cell neoprene anti-condensation material.

Source side heat exchanger

Brazed plate heat exchanger in stainless steel. It is externally insulated with closed cell neoprene anti-condensation material.

Filter drier

Of hermetic/cartridge type (depending on the WWB size) with cartridges made of ceramic and hygroscopic material, able to withhold impurities and any traces of humidity present in the cooling circuit.

Solenoid valves

The valves close when the compressor switches off, blocking the flow of refrigerant gas to the evaporator, recovery and the coil.

Electronic thermostatic expansion valve

Compared with a mechanical thermostatic valve, the electronic one offers better overheating control so the evaporator is used more efficiently in all conditions, thereby boosting machine output.

Its use in comfort dedicated applications allows to make substantial benefits especially in the presence of varying loads, because it allows you to maintain the maximum efficiency with any external air temperature.

In industrial applications, where there is often a need to make temperature changes in a wide range of environmental conditions, the use of the electronic valve is ideal because it avoids the need for continuous calibration, adapting the system to different load conditions and hence making it independent.

CONTROL AND SAFETY COMPONENTS

Pressure relief valve for cooling circuit

Activates by discharging overpressure if abnormal pressure occurs.

High pressure switch

With fixed calibration, placed on the high pressure side of the cooling circuit, it inhibits the operation of the compressor if abnormal work pressure occurs.

High pressure transducer

Placed on the high pressure side of the cooling circuit, signals the work pressure to control board, generating a pre-warning in case abnormal pressure occurs.

Low pressure transducer

Placed on low pressure side of cooling circuit, it signals the work pressure to the control board, generating a pre-warning in case abnormal pressure occurs.

ELECTRICAL CONTROL AND POWER PANEL

Complete with:

- door interlocked isolator
- Magnet circuit breakers and contactors for compressors and fans
- terminals for REMOTE PANEL
- spring type terminals for control circuit
- externally rated cabinet, with double panel and seals
- electronic controller
- evaporator pump and recovery pump control consent relay (only for versions without pump units)
- All numbered cables

Door interlocked isolator

Access to the electrical panel is by operating the handle of the door interlocked isolator which removes power to the unit.

To avoid accidentally powering up the unit during maintenance the isolator is fitted with a locking mechanism.

Controller keypad

Allows complete control of the unit.

For further information refer to the user manual.

Electronic controller

The microprocessor controls features cutting edge functions and proprietary adjustments.

The keyboard is equipped with control keys and LCD display, which allows you to consult and make interventions on the unit by means of the multi-level menu, with language selection settings. It controls:

- The system temperature for cooling the environments or industrial processes.
 The different temperatures are managed automatically according to the unit work conditions and requirements.
- Management and alarm log to have always a prompt diagnosis of the unit operation.
- Creation of operation time periods required for efficient programming

A specific keyboard for wall-mounting installation (PGD1) allows the remote control of all the functions.

For further information refer to the user manual.

4 MAIN HYDRAULIC CIRCUITS



WARNING! Water filter and flow switch: It is necessary to install a water filter and a flow switch upstream of each heat exchanger if they are not supplied with the unit.



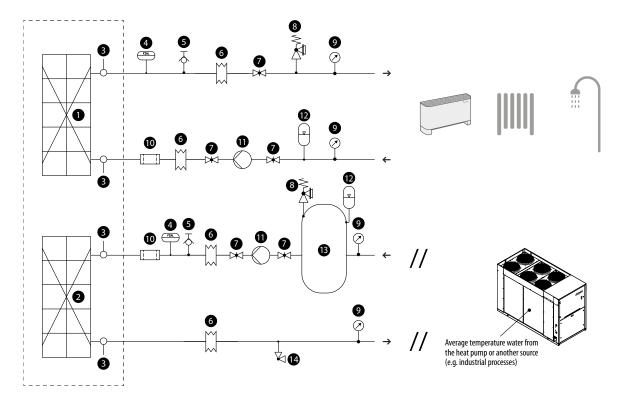
Water filter: Installation in the immediate vicinity of the heat exchanger is mandatory,.



In the absence of glycol, the machine needs to be powered to ensure the heaters (if present) and the pumps (if present) are operating to avoid glazing and, therefore, damaging the components in the hydraulic circuit.



Flushing the plant's hydraulic circuit (cleaning the hydraulic circuit) needs to be done by excluding the chiller's hydraulic circuit. Make sure, in any case, that the water has not entered the chiller by ensuring you open the chiller's hydraulic circuit drains. Any water accumulated in the chiller's hydraulic circuit can cause icing/damage to the components.



Components as standard

- 1 Condenser
- 2 Evaporator
- 3 Water temperature sensors (IN/OUT)

Components not provided and responsibility of the installer

- 4 Flow switch (MANDATORY)
- 5 Air drain valve
- 6 Anti-vibration joints

- 7 Flow shut-off valves
- 8 Pressure relief valve
- 9 Pressure gauge
- 10 Water filter (MANDATORY)
- 11 Pump
- 12 Expansion vessel
- 13 Storage tank
- 14 Drain valve

WATER CHARACTERISTICS

| System: Chiller with plate hea | it exchanger | |
|----------------------------------|---------------|--|
| PH | 7,5 - 9 | |
| Total hardness | 4,5 - 8,5 °dH | |
| Temperature | < 65 °C | |
| Oxygen content | < 0,1 ppm | |
| Max. glycol amount | 50 % | |
| Phosphates (PO ₄) | < 2ppm | |
| Manganese (Mn) | < 0,05 ppm | |
| Iron (Fe) | < 0,3 ppm | |
| Alkalinity (HCO ₃) | 70 - 300 ppm | |
| Chloride ions (CI-) | < 50 ppm | |
| Sulphate ions (SO ₄) | < 50 ppm | |
| Sulphide ion (S) | None | |
| Ammonium ions (NH ₄) | None | |
| Silica (SiO ₂) | < 30 ppm | |

<u>^!\</u>

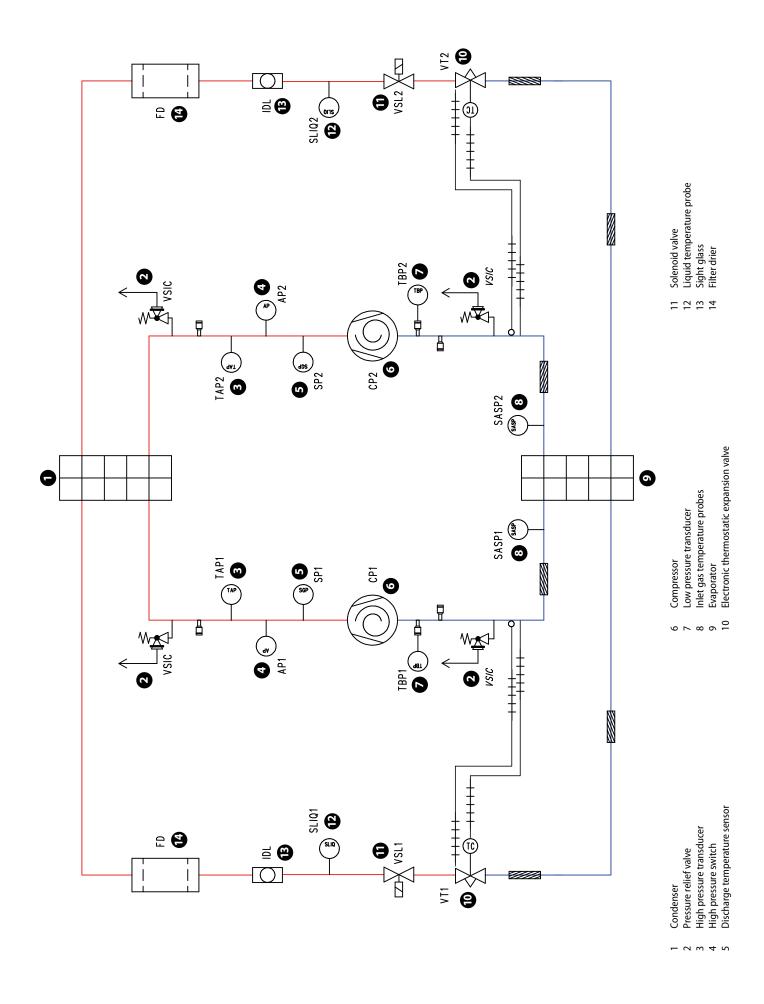
It is of fundamental importance to keep the oxygen concentration in the water under control, especially in open vessel systems. This type of system, in fact, is very sensitive to the phenomenon of extra-oxygenation of the water (an event that can be encouraged by the incorrect positioning of some components). This phenomenon can trigger corrosion processes and subsequent drilling of the heat exchanger and pipes.



WARNING under no circumstances does the unit have to be operated with water circulating on the heat exchanger whose characteristics are different from those indicated in the table WATER CHARACTER-ISTICS, under penalty of the warranty expiration. Aermec cannot be held responsible for any malfunction of the units which are operated with water whose characteristics are outside the limits in the table WATER CHARACTERISTICS and for their consequences.

REFRIGERANT CIRCUIT

5



6 ACCESSORIES

AER485P1: RS-485 interface for supervision systems with MODBUS protocol. **AERBACP:** Ethernet communication Interface for protocols Bacnet/IP, Modbus TCP/IP, SNMP

AERNET: The device allows the control, the management and the remote monitoring of a Chiller with a PC, smartphone or tablet using Cloud connection. AERNET works as Master while every unit connected is configured as Slave (max. 6 unit); also, with a simple click is possible to save a log file with all the connected unit datas in the personal terminal for post analysis.

MULTICHILLER_EVO: Control, switch-on and switch-off system of the single chillers where multiple units are installed in parallel, always ensuring constant flow rate to the evaporators.

PGD1: Allows you to control the unit at a distance.

VT: Anti-vibration supports.

FACTORY FITTED ACCESSORIES

RIF: Power factor correction. Connected in parallel to the motor allowing about 10% reduction of input current.

ACCESSORIES COMPATIBILITY

| Model | Ver | 0330 | 0350 | 0550 | 0600 | 0700 | 0800 | 0900 |
|------------------|-----|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| AER485P1 | L | • | • | • | • | • | • | • |
| AERBACP | L | • | • | • | • | • | • | • |
| AERNET | L | • | • | • | • | • | • | • |
| MULTICHILLER_EVO | L | • | • | • | • | • | • | • |
| PGD1 | L | • | • | • | • | • | • | • |

Antivibration

| Ver | 0330 | 0350 | 0550 | 0600 | 0700 | 0800 | 0900 |
|-----|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| L | VT9 | VT9 | VT9 | VT15 | VT15 | VT15 | VT15 |

Power factor correction

| Ver | 0330 | 0350 | 0550 | 0600 | 0700 | 0800 | 0900 |
|-----|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| L | RIFWWB03307 | RIFWWB03507 | RIFWWB05507 | RIFWWB06007 | RIFWWB07007 | RIFWWB08007 | RIFWWB09007 |

A grey background indicates the accessory must be assembled in the factory

PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS 7

| Size | | | 0330 | 0350 | 0550 | 0600 | 0700 | 0800 | 0900 |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Heating performances (Water user si | de 158.0 °F / 172.4 °F; W | ater source side 113 | .0 °F / 104.0 °F) (1) | | | | | | |
| Heating capacity | L | BTU/h | 273,255 | 326,269 | 373,165 | 494,406 | 579,467 | 721,828 | 867,605 |
| Input power | L | kW | 20.2 | 22.6 | 25.4 | 34.6 | 40.6 | 55.0 | 65.9 |
| Heating total input current | L | Α | 29.0 | 32.0 | 36.0 | 50.0 | 60.0 | 75.0 | 92.0 |
| COP | L | kW/kW | 3,97 | 4,23 | 4,31 | 4,19 | 4,18 | 3,85 | 3,86 |
| Water flow rate system side | L | gpm | 38.8 | 46.3 | 53.0 | 70.2 | 82.3 | 102.5 | 123.2 |
| Pressure drop system side | L | ftH ₂ 0 | 7.69 | 11.04 | 6.36 | 11.37 | 7.03 | 10.71 | 7.36 |
| Water flow rate source side | L | gpm | 45.84 | 55.88 | 64.26 | 84.42 | 98.87 | 119.78 | 144.12 |
| Pressure drop source side | L | ftH ₂ 0 | 5.02 | 3.35 | 4.68 | 2.68 | 3.68 | 4.68 | 7.03 |
| Heating performances (Water user si | de 158.0 °F / 172.4 °F; W | ater source side 95. | 0 °F / 86.0 °F) (2) | | | | | | |
| Heating capacity | L | BTU/h | 220,411 | 263,175 | 301,002 | 398,797 | 467,409 | 582,241 | 699,827 |
| Input power | L | kW | 19.8 | 22.2 | 24.9 | 33.9 | 39.9 | 54.0 | 64.7 |
| Heating total input current | L | Α | 29.0 | 32.0 | 36.0 | 49.0 | 59.0 | 73.0 | 90.0 |
| COP | L | kW/kW | 3,26 | 3,48 | 3,54 | 3,44 | 3,44 | 3,16 | 3,17 |
| Water flow rate system side | L | gpm | 31.3 | 37.4 | 42.7 | 56.6 | 66.4 | 82.7 | 99.3 |
| Pressure drop system side | L | ftH ₂ 0 | 5.02 | 7.03 | 4.35 | 7.36 | 4.35 | 7.03 | 4.68 |
| Water flow rate source side | L | gpm | 34.15 | 41.89 | 48.26 | 63.23 | 74.04 | 88.93 | 107.04 |
| Pressure drop source side | L | ftH ₂ 0 | 3.01 | 2.01 | 2.68 | 1.34 | 2.01 | 2.68 | 3.68 |

⁽¹⁾ User side water 158.0 °F / 172.4 °F; Source side water 113.0 °F / 104.0 °F (2) User side water 158.0 °F / 172.4 °F; Source side water 95.0 °F / 86.0 °F

8 **GENERAL TECHNICAL DATA**

| Size | | | 0330 | 0350 | 0550 | 0600 | 0700 | 0800 | 0900 |
|--|---|-------|----------------|--------|--------|----------------|--------|--------|--------|
| Compressor | | | | | | | | | |
| Туре | L | type | | | | Scroll | | | |
| Compressor regulation | L | Туре | | | | On-Off | | | |
| Number | L | no. | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Circuits | L | no. | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Partialisation of the unit with electronic thermo- | | % | 50-100 | 50-100 | 50-100 | 50-100 | 50-100 | 50-100 | 50-100 |
| static expansion valve | L | 70 | 30-100 | 30-100 | JU-100 | 30-100 | 30-100 | JU-100 | 30-100 |
| Refrigerant | L | type | | | | R134a | | | |
| Refrigerant load circuit 1 (1) | L | lbs | 6.6 | 7.9 | 9.7 | 13.7 | 17.0 | 17.6 | 21.8 |
| Refrigerant load circuit 2 (1) | L | lbs | 7.9 | 7.7 | 9.5 | 13.7 | 16.5 | 17.2 | 21.4 |
| <u>Oil</u> | L | Туре | | | | POE | | | |
| Oil charge circuit 1 | L | lbs | 7.5 | 7.5 | 7.5 | 7.5 | 10.4 | 15.0 | 13.9 |
| Oil charge circuit 2 | L | lbs | 7.5 | 7.5 | 7.5 | 7.5 | 10.4 | 15.0 | 13.9 |
| System side heat exchanger | | | | | | | | | |
| Туре | L | type | | | | Brazed plate | | | |
| Number | L | no. | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Minimum water flow rate | L | gpm | 3.7 | 3.7 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 7.9 | 7.9 | 11.0 |
| Maximum water flow rate | L | gpm | 62.1 | 74.1 | 84.8 | 112.3 | 131.6 | 163.9 | 197.1 |
| Connections (in/out) | L | Туре | | | | Grooved joints | | | |
| Sizes (in/out) | L | Ø | 2" | 2" | 2" | 2"1/2 | 2" 1/2 | 2" 1/2 | 2" 1/2 |
| Source side heat exchanger | | | | | | | | | |
| Туре | L | type | | | | Brazed plate | | | |
| Number | L | no. | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Minimum water flow rate | L | gpm | 5.5 | 7.9 | 7.9 | 11.0 | 11.0 | 12.8 | 12.8 |
| Maximum water flow rate | L | gpm | 76.7 | 93.4 | 107.4 | 141.1 | 165.3 | 200.3 | 241.0 |
| Connections (in/out) | L | Туре | Grooved joints | | | | | | |
| Sizes (in/out) | L | Ø | 2" | 2" | 2" | 2″1/2 | 2"1/2 | 2" 1/2 | 2"1/2 |
| Sound data calculated in heating mode (2) | | | | | | | | | |
| Sound power level | L | dB(A) | 76.8 | 77.8 | 77.3 | 78.6 | 79.3 | 83.9 | 85.9 |
| Sound pressure level (10 m / 33 ft) | L | dB(A) | 45.2 | 46.2 | 45.7 | 47.0 | 47.7 | 52.4 | 54.4 |
| Sound pressure level (1 m / 3.3 ft) | L | dB(A) | 60.7 | 61.7 | 61.2 | 62.5 | 63.2 | 67.8 | 69.8 |

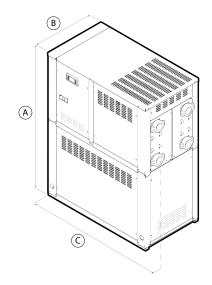
ELECTRIC DATA

| Size | | | 0330 | 0350 | 0550 | 0600 | 0700 | 0800 | 0900 |
|--|---|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| POWER SUPPLY: 7 | | | | | | | | | |
| Electric data | | | | | | | | | |
| Peak current (LRA) | L | Α | 112.9 | 133.2 | 147.2 | 178.6 | 214.8 | 269.4 | 326.3 |
| Minimum circuit amperage (MCA) | L | Α | 35.0 | 35.0 | 50.0 | 60.0 | 60.0 | 70.0 | 100.0 |
| Maximum overcurrent permitted by the protection device (MOP) | L | Α | 40.0 | 45.0 | 60.0 | 70.0 | 80.0 | 100.0 | 125.0 |
| POWER SUPPLY: 8 | | | | | | | | | |
| Electric data | | | | | | | | | |
| Peak current (LRA) | L | Α | 94.3 | 95.9 | 98.6 | 133.2 | 160.7 | 215.1 | 281.4 |
| Minimum circuit amperage (MCA) | L | Α | 35.0 | 35.0 | 35.0 | 50.0 | 60.0 | 70.0 | 70.0 |
| Maximum overcurrent permitted by the protection device (MOP) | L | A | 40.0 | 40.0 | 40.0 | 60.0 | 80.0 | 90.0 | 90.0 |

⁽¹⁾ The load indicated in the table is an estimated and preliminary value. The final value of the refrigerant load is indicated on the unit's technical label. For further information contact the office.

(2) Sound power calculated on the basis of measurements made in accordance with UNI EN ISO 9614-2. Sound pressure (cold functioning) measured in free field, 10 m / 33 ft away from the unit external surface (in compliance with UNI EN ISO 3744).

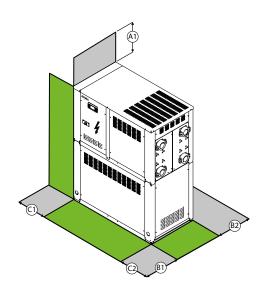
DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHTS



| Size | | | 0330 | 0350 | 0550 | 0600 | 0700 | 0800 | 0900 |
|--------------------------|---|-----|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Dimensions and weights | | | | | | | | | |
| A | L | in | 65.0 | 65.0 | 65.0 | 65.0 | 65.0 | 65.0 | 65.0 |
| В | L | in | 28.0 | 28.0 | 28.0 | 28.0 | 28.0 | 28.0 | 28.0 |
| C | L | in | 51.2 | 51.2 | 51.2 | 51.2 | 51.2 | 51.2 | 51.2 |
| Size | | | 0330 | 0350 | 0550 | 0600 | 0700 | 0800 | 0900 |
| Weights | | | | | | | | | |
| Weight empty + packaging | L | lbs | 937 | 970 | 1,003 | 1,102 | 1,576 | 1,676 | 1,808 |
| Weight functioning | L | lbs | 926 | 970 | 1,014 | 1,124 | 1,609 | 1,709 | 1,852 |

Minimum technical spaces

WWB $^{\circ}$ - Standard opening electrical panel (LH)



| Size | | | 0330 | 0350 | 0550 | 0600 | 0700 | 0800 | 0900 |
|--------------------------|---|----|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Minimum technical spaces | | | | | | | | | |
| A1 | L | in | 19.7 | 19.7 | 19.7 | 19.7 | 19.7 | 19.7 | 19.7 |
| B1 | L | in | 31.5 | 31.5 | 31.5 | 31.5 | 31.5 | 31.5 | 31.5 |
| B2 | L | in | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.9 |
| <u>C1</u> | L | in | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.9 |
| () | 1 | in | 39.4 | 39.4 | 39.4 | 39.4 | 39.4 | 39.4 | 39.4 |

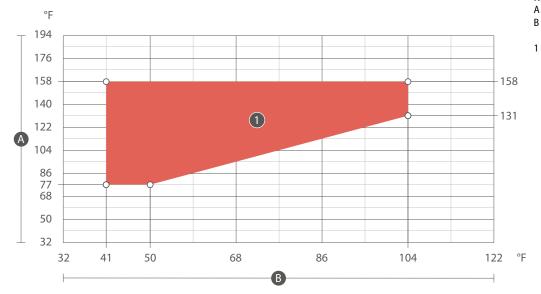
9 OPERATING RANGE

The units, in standard configuration, are not suitable for installation in salty environment. The values indicated in the table refer to the min. and max. limits of the unit.



WARNING: Under no circumstances does the unit have to be operated outside the operating limit under penalty of the warranty expiration. Aermec S.p.A. cannot be held responsible for any malfunction of the units which are operated outside the established limits and for their consequences.

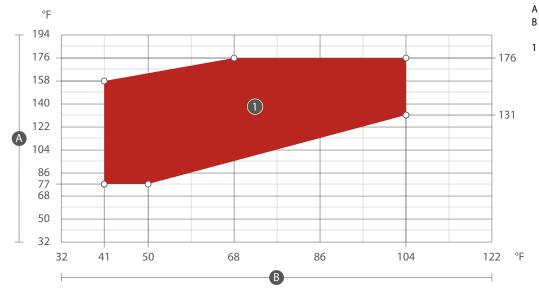
 ΔT condenser = 9 °F



Key

- Water produced (system side) (°F)
- Processed water temperature (source side) (°F)
- ΔT condenser = 9 °F

 ΔT condenser = 14.4 °F



Key

- Water produced (system side) (°F)
- Processed water temperature (source side) (°F)

145

ΔT condenser = 14.4 °F

Project data

Maximum allowable pressure

| osi 464 | 290 |
|---------|--------|
| °F 248 | 126 |
| °F -31 | -31 |
| | °F 248 |

145

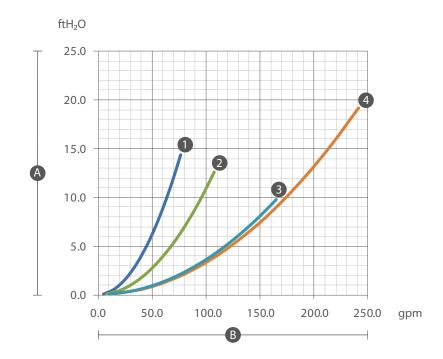
psi

10 PRESSURE DROPS

HEATING MODE RANGE Source side heat exchanger Evaporator

Inlet water temperature 113.0 °F Outlet water temperature 104.0 °F

Source side



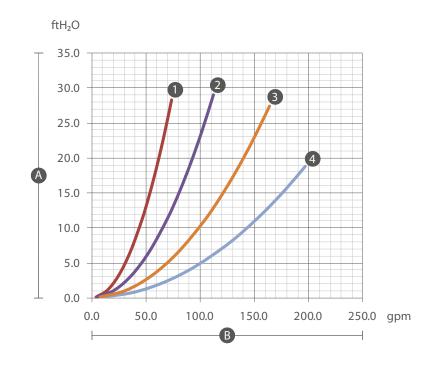
- A Pressure drops (ft H₂O)
- B Water flow rate (gpm)
- 1 0330
- 2 0350-0550
- 3 0600-0700
- 4 0800-0900

| Size | | | 0330 | 0350 | 0550 | 0600 | 0700 | 0800 | 0900 |
|----------------------------|---|-----|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Source side heat exchanger | | | | | | | | | |
| Minimum water flow rate | L | gpm | 5.5 | 7.9 | 7.9 | 11.0 | 11.0 | 12.8 | 12.8 |
| Maximum water flow rate | L | apm | 76.7 | 93.4 | 107.4 | 141.1 | 165.3 | 200.3 | 241.0 |

System side heat exchanger Condenser

Inlet water temperature 158.0 °F Outlet water temperature 172.4 °F

System side



- A Pressure drops (ft H₂O)
- B Water flow rate (gpm)
- 1 0330-0350
- 2 0550-0600
- 3 0700-0800
- 4 0900

| Size | | | 0330 | 0350 | 0550 | 0600 | 0700 | 0800 | 0900 |
|----------------------------|---|-----|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| System side heat exchanger | | | | | | | | | |
| Minimum water flow rate | L | gpm | 3.7 | 3.7 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 7.9 | 7.9 | 11.0 |
| Maximum water flow rate | L | gpm | 62.1 | 74.1 | 84.8 | 112.3 | 131.6 | 163.9 | 197.1 |

11 SYSTEM WATER CONTENT

MINIMUM SYSTEM WATER CONTENT

For correct unit operation, there must be a suitable amount of water in the system. A sufficient quantity of water not only ensures machine stability, but also helps avoid a high number of hourly compressor start-ups.

To calculate it, use the formula: Unit rated cooling capacity (ton) x table value (gal/ton) = Minimum system content (gal).

| | 0330 | 0350 | 0550 | 0600 | 0700 | 0800 | 0900 |
|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Minimum system side water content (condenser) gal/ton | 6.9 | 6.9 | 6.9 | 6.9 | 6.9 | 6.9 | 6.9 |

Note: the water content referred to in the tables corresponds to the amount of water effectively useful for inertial purposes; this value does not necessarily coincide with the entire system water content, and must be calculated on the basis of the system layout and operating modes.

A example is given below, but it does not cover a possible situation.

Example: for a chiller/heat pump equipped with a primary and a secondary circuit, and in which the zone pumps of the secondary circuit could (even occasionally) be turned off, only the water content of the primary circuit has value of useful water content for the counting purposes.

If you are in any doubt, please refer to the relevant technical documentation or contact the AERMEC Technical-Commercial Service.



ATTENTION It is recommended to design systems with high water content (minimum recommended values shown in tab), in order to limit:

- Number of peaks made by the compressors
- The reduction of water temperature during defrosting cycles in the winter period for heat pumps.



NOTICE: Under no circumstances does the unit have to be operated in a system in which the content of the water circulating is below the MINIMUM SYSTEM WATER CONTENT, under penalty of the warranty expiration. Aermec cannot be held responsible for any malfunction of the units which are operated in a system in which the content of the water circulating is below the MINIMUM SYSTEM WATER CONTENT and for their consequences



NOTICE: Under no circumstances does the unit have to be operated when water flow rate on the heat exchanger is below the minimum water flow rate or above the maximum water flow rate, under penalty of the warranty expiration. Aermec cannot be held responsible for any malfunction of the units which are operated outside the established limits of water flow rate and for their consequences



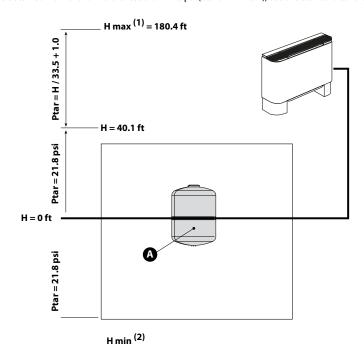
NOTICE: in the case of several units connected in parallel, the designer must ensure that the configuration of the system and the management logic adopted do not cause too frequent START/STOP cycles and / or sudden changes in the water flow rate of the groups in operation

12 EXPANSION VESSEL SETTING

The expansion tank volume is 6.3 gal. The standard value of the expansion tank pre-charge pressure is 21.8 psi, but this can be calibrated up to a maximum of 87.0 psi. The expansion tank pressure setting has to be adjusted based on the difference in height (H) of the installation (see figure) according to the formula: p (rating) [bar] = H [ft] / 33.5 + 1.0.

For example: if level difference H is equal to 65.6 ft, the calibration value of the vessel will be 33.4 psi.

If the calibration value obtained from the formula is less than 21.8 psi (i.e. for H < 40.2), use the standard calibration.



Kev

- 1 Check that highest installation is not higher than 180.4 ft.
- 2 Ensure that lowest utility can withstand global pressure in that position

14

13 CORRECTION FACTORS

CORRECTIVE FACTORS FOR ΔT OTHER THAN THE NOMINAL ONES

| Δt water ev | 9.0 | 10.8 | 12.6 | 14.4 | 16.2 | 18.0 |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| CPt_ev | 1,000 | 1,006 | 1,012 | 1,018 | 1,023 | 1,029 |
| CPa_ev | 1,000 | 1,004 | 1,008 | 1,012 | 1,017 | 1,021 |
| | | | | | | |
| Δt water cn | 9.0 | 14.4 | 19.8 | 25.2 | 30.6 | 36.0 |
| CPt_cn | 0,985 | 1,000 | 1,009 | 1,011 | 1,008 | 0,998 |
| CPa_cn | 1,015 | 1,000 | 0,991 | 0,988 | 0,991 | 1,000 |

CPt: Coefficient heating capacity

CPa: Coefficient input power

ev: Evaporator **cn**: Condenser

FOULING: DEPOSIT CORRECTIVE FACTORS [K*M²]/[W]

| | 0,0 | 0,00005 | 0,0001 | 0,0002 |
|---------------------------------------|-----|---------|--------|--------|
| Corrective factor of cooling capacity | 1,0 | 1 | 0.98 | 0.94 |
| Corrective factor of imput power | 1,0 | 1 | 0.98 | 0.95 |

GLYCOL

Ethylene glycol

Cooling mode

| | | CORRECTION FAC | TOD WITH ETH | VI ENE CIVCOL | COOLING MOD | ne . | | | | | |
|-------------------------|----------|----------------|--------------|---------------|-------------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|
| | | CONNECTION TAG | | | | - | | | | | |
| Freezing Point | <u> </u> | 0 | 25.47 | 21.02 | 15.93 | 10.20 | 3.67 | -3.89 | -12.62 | -22.79 | -34.78 |
| Percent ethylene glycol | % | 0 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 40 | 45 | 50 |
| Qwc | - | 1.000 | 1.033 | 1.040 | 1.049 | 1.060 | 1.072 | 1.086 | 1.102 | 1.120 | 1.141 |
| Pc | = | 1.000 | 0.990 | 0.985 | 0.980 | 0.975 | 0.970 | 0.965 | 0.960 | 0.955 | 0.950 |
| Pa | - | 1.000 | 0.996 | 0.994 | 0.992 | 0.990 | 0.988 | 0.986 | 0.984 | 0.982 | 0.980 |
| Δρ | _ | 1.000 | 1.109 | 1.157 | 1.209 | 1.268 | 1.336 | 1.414 | 1.505 | 1.609 | 1.728 |

Heating mode range

| | CORRECTION FACTOR WITH ETHYLENE GLYCOL - HEATING MODE | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|
| Freezing Point | °F | 0 | 25.47 | 21.02 | 15.93 | 10.20 | 3.67 | -3.89 | -12.62 | -22.79 | -34.78 |
| Percent ethylene glycol | % | 0 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 40 | 45 | 50 |
| Qwh | - | 1.000 | 1.027 | 1.038 | 1.050 | 1.063 | 1.078 | 1.095 | 1.114 | 1.135 | 1.158 |
| Ph | - | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 |
| Pa | - | 1.000 | 1.002 | 1.003 | 1.004 | 1.005 | 1.007 | 1.008 | 1.010 | 1.012 | 1.015 |
| Δρ | - | 1.000 | 1.087 | 1.128 | 1.175 | 1.227 | 1.286 | 1.353 | 1.428 | 1.514 | 1.610 |

Propylene glycol

Cooling mode

| CORRECTION FACTOR WITH PROPILENE GLYCOL - COOLING MODE | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|----|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|
| Freezing Point | °F | 0 | 25.83 | 22.46 | 18.61 | 14.04 | 8.46 | 1.65 | -6.65 | -16.67 | -28.70 |
| Percent propilene glycol | % | 0 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 40 | 45 | 50 |
| Qwc | = | 1.000 | 1.007 | 1.006 | 1.007 | 1.010 | 1.015 | 1.022 | 1.032 | 1.044 | 1.058 |
| Pc | = | 1.000 | 0.985 | 0.978 | 0.970 | 0.963 | 0.955 | 0.947 | 0.939 | 0.932 | 0.924 |
| Pa | = | 1.000 | 0.996 | 0.994 | 0.992 | 0.990 | 0.988 | 0.986 | 0.984 | 0.982 | 0.980 |
| Δρ | = | 1.000 | 1.082 | 1.102 | 1.143 | 1.201 | 1.271 | 1.351 | 1.435 | 1.520 | 1.602 |

Heating mode range

| CORRECTION FACTOR WITH PROPILENE GLYCOL - HEATING MODE | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|----|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|
| Freezing Point | °F | 0 | 25.83 | 22.46 | 18.61 | 14.04 | 8.46 | 1.65 | -6.65 | -16.67 | -28.70 |
| Percent propilene glycol | % | 0 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 40 | 45 | 50 |
| Qwh | - | 1.000 | 1.008 | 1.014 | 1.021 | 1.030 | 1.042 | 1.055 | 1.071 | 1.090 | 1.112 |
| Ph | = | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 |
| Pa | - | 1.000 | 1.003 | 1.004 | 1.005 | 1.007 | 1.009 | 1.011 | 1.014 | 1.018 | 1.023 |
| Δρ | _ | 1.000 | 1.050 | 1.077 | 1.111 | 1.153 | 1.202 | 1.258 | 1.321 | 1.390 | 1.467 |

Attention: Avoid adding the glycol in the hydraulic circuit near the pump intake. A high concentration of glycol and additives above the permissible limits can block the pump: do not use the pump as a mixer.

14 SOUND DATA

| Size | | | 0330 | 0350 | 0550 | 0600 | 0700 | 0800 | 0900 |
|---|---|-------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Sound data calculated in heating mode (1) |) | | | | | | | | |
| Sound power level | L | dB(A) | 76.8 | 77.8 | 77.3 | 78.6 | 79.3 | 83.9 | 85.9 |
| Sound pressure level (10 m / 33 ft) | L | dB(A) | 45.2 | 46.2 | 45.7 | 47.0 | 47.7 | 52.4 | 54.4 |
| Sound pressure level (1 m / 3.3 ft) | L | dB(A) | 60.7 | 61.7 | 61.2 | 62.5 | 63.2 | 67.8 | 69.8 |
| Sound power by centre octave band dB(A) | | | | | | | | | |
| 125 Hz | L | dB(A) | 54.1 | 55.1 | 54.6 | 55.9 | 56.6 | 61.2 | 63.2 |
| 250 Hz | L | dB(A) | 74.4 | 75.4 | 74.9 | 76.2 | 76.9 | 81.6 | 83.6 |
| 500 Hz | L | dB(A) | 70.6 | 71.6 | 71.1 | 72.4 | 73.1 | 77.7 | 79.7 |
| 1000 Hz | L | dB(A) | 66.5 | 67.5 | 67.0 | 68.3 | 69.0 | 73.7 | 75.7 |
| 2000 Hz | L | dB(A) | 65.0 | 66.0 | 65.5 | 66.8 | 67.5 | 72.1 | 74.1 |
| 4000 Hz | L | dB(A) | 57.4 | 58.4 | 57.9 | 59.2 | 59.9 | 64.5 | 66.5 |
| 8000 Hz | L | dB(A) | 41.8 | 42.8 | 42.3 | 43.6 | 44.3 | 49.0 | 51.0 |

⁽¹⁾ Sound power calculated on the basis of measurements made in accordance with UNI EN ISO 9614-2. Sound pressure (cold functioning) measured in free field, 10 m / 33 ft away from the unit external surface (in compliance with UNI EN ISO 3744).



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Aermec S.p.A.

Via Roma, 996 - 37040 Bevilacqua (VR) - Italia
Tel. +39 0442 633 111 - Fax +39 0442 93577
marketing@aermec.com - www.aermec.com

